# **MAIN EXPORT COUNTRIES:**





The company under the nd&@"Precizika Metrology" began work after the change of name of the Lithuanian - American Joint Venture "Brown & Sharpe - Precizika". The company has a proud history of old traditions in the leadership of design and production of metrological equipment. Its & Sharpe - Precizika". The company has a proud history of old traditions in the leadership of design and production of metrological equipment. Its workforce has been involved for over fifty years in the supply of measuring technology and systems to automate factories as well as in the development of optical scale manufacturing technology.

In 2000, the production process was certified to fully meeting the requirements of EN ISO 9002:1994, in 2003 – EN ISO 9001:2000.

The company's goal is to consistently supply high quality products and services to meet customer demands on a timely basis. The company's months

The company's goal is to consistently supply high quality products and services to meet customer demands on a timely basis. The company's m products are linear and angular glass scale gratings, and the linear and rotary displacement measuring systems.

JSC "Precizika Metrology" represents worldwide known companies and suppliers of measuring equipment, CNC centers, executes installation and PHOTOELECTRIC ANGLE ENCODER services of them, trains the users, and executes upgrading of used CMM and manual cutting machine-tools.





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The semi-precision photoelectric rotary encoder A90H is used to measure angular position of the key machine components, industrial robots, comparators, rotary tables and to establish an informational link with DCC, NC or Digital Readout Units. It provides information about the value and direction of motion. The encoder is used in automatic control, on-line gauging, process monitoring systems, etc. Three versions of output signals are available:

- A90H-A sinusoidal signals, with amplitude approx. 11 µApp;
- A90H-AV sinusoidal signals, with amplitude approx. 1 Vpp;
- A90H-F square-wave signals (TTL) with integrated subdividing electronics for interpolation x1, x2, x5, x10, x20, x25, x50 and 100.

The modification with distance-coded reference marks is available for version A90H-AV.

















# A90H

# RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS















MILLING / B ORING /







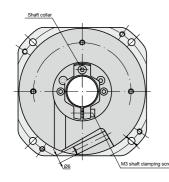
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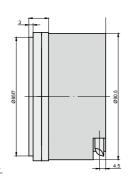
20

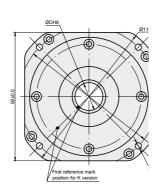
**MECHANICAL DATA** 

Line number on disc (z)	18000		
Number of output pulses per revolution for A90H-F	18000; 36000; 90000; 180000; 360000; 450000; 900000; 1800000		
Reference signal: - standard (S) - distance-coded (K)	one per shaft revolution 36 per shaft revolution		
Permissible mech. speed	≤ 3000 rp		
Max. operating speed (depends on number of output pulses)	600 to 1000 rpm		
Accuracy grades	±5.0 arc. sec; ±7.5 arc. sec		
Starting torque at 20 °C	≤ 0.08 Nm		

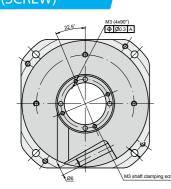
## **MOUNTING TYPE P (CLAMP)**

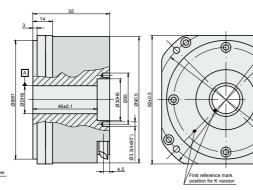






# **MOUNTING TYPE H (SCREW)**





## Permissible shaft run out:

- axial - radial	0.02 mm ±0.02 mm
Rotor moment of inertia	< 0.6×10 <sup>-4</sup> kgm <sup>2</sup>
Protection (IEC 529)	IP64
Maximum weight without cable	1.2 kg
Operating temperature	0+70 °C
Storage temperature	-30+85 °C
Maximum humidity (non condensing)	98 %
Permissible vibration (55 to 2000 Hz)	$\leq$ 100 m/s $^{2}$
Permissible shock (5 ms)	≤ 300 m/s <sup>2</sup>

nt source	LED
remental signals	Two sinusoidal I <sub>1</sub> and Amplitude at 1 k $\Omega$ lo I <sub>1</sub> = 716 $\mu$ A

Maximum operating frequency  $(-3 \text{ dB}) \ge 160 \text{ kHz}$ 

**ELECTRICAL DATA** 

VER SION

Ligh

Supply voltage (U<sub>p</sub>)

Max. supply current (without load)

Reference signal

Standard cable length

-1, = 7...16  $\mu$ A One quasi-triangular  $I_0$  peak per revolution. Signal magnitude at 1 k $\Omega$  load: -  $I_0$  = 2....8  $\mu A$  (usable component)

A90 H-A ~ 11 μApp

 $+5 V \pm 5\%$ 

100 mA

One quasi-triangular +R and its complementary -R per revolution. Signals magnitude at 120Ω load R = 0.2...0.8 V (usable component)

Differential sine +A/-A and +B/-B Amplitude at 120  $\Omega$  load:

A90 H-A V **∼** 1 Vpp

 $+5~V\pm5\%$ 

- A = 0.6...1.2 V - B = 0.6...1.2 V

 $(-3 \text{ dB}) \ge 180 \text{ kHz}$ 

120 mA

LED

One differential square-wave U0/U0 per revolution. Signal levels at 20 mA load current:
- low (logic "0") < 0.5 V
- high (logic "1") > 2.4 V

Differential square-wave  $U1\overline{J11}$  and  $U2/\overline{U2}$ . Signal levels at 20 mA load current:

- low (logic "0") ≤ 0.5 V - high (logic "1") ≥ 2.4 V

A90 H-F **□** TTL

+5 V ± 5%;

150 mA

LED

25 m

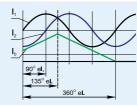
160-2500 kHz (depends on interpolation factor)

 ${\rm I_2}$  lags  ${\rm I_1}$  for clockwise rotation (viewed from encoder mounting side) U2 lags U1 with clockwise rotation (viewed from encoder mounting side) +B lags +A for clockwise rotation (viewed Direction of signals Maximum rise and fall time < 0.2  $\mu s$ 

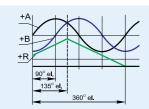
1 m, without connector 1 m, without connector

Maximum cable length 5 m 25 m

Output signals



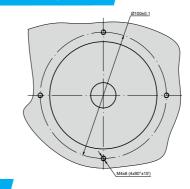
1 m, without connector

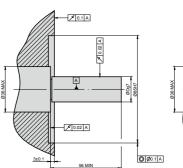


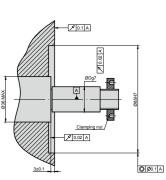


- 1. Maximum working rotation speed (with proper encoder counting) is limited by maximum operating frequency and maximum mechanical rotation speed.
- 2. If cable extension is used, power supply conductor cross-section should not be smaller than 0.5 mm

### **MOUNTING REQUIREMENTS**



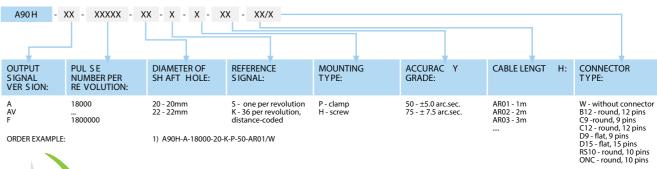




## **ACCESSORIES**

CONNECTOR S FOR CABLE	B12 12-pin round connector	C9 12-pin round connector	C12 12-pin round connector	D9 9-pin flat con - nector	D15 15-pin flat connector	RS10 10-pin round connector	ONC 10-pin round connector
DIGITAL READOUT DE VICE S	CS3000			CS5500			
EXTERNAL INTERPOLATOR				NK			

## **ORDER FORM**





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